

## Mathematics (Economics, Markets and Finance)

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Exercises sheet 3

**Exercise 1.** Find the following integrals:

$$a) \int 9\sqrt[3]{x} dx;$$

$$b) \int \frac{2}{\sqrt[5]{x}} dx;$$

$$c) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt[7]{x^3}} dx;$$

$$d) \int 8x^2 \sqrt[7]{x^5} dx;$$

$$e) \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt[3]{x^2}} dx.$$

**Exercise 2.** Find the following integrals:

$$a) \int \frac{1}{x-1} dx;$$

$$b) \int \frac{1}{5+2x} dx;$$

$$c) \int \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx;$$

$$d) \int \frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+9} dx;$$

$$e) \int \frac{x^2}{x^3+2} dx;$$

$$f) \int \frac{x+1}{x^2+2x+5} dx.$$

$$g) \int \frac{e^x}{e^x+1} dx.$$

**Exercise 3.** Find the following integrals:

$$a) \int 2xe^{x^2} dx;$$

$$b) \int e^{-x} dx;$$

$$c) \int x^2 e^{-x^3} dx;$$

$$d) \int (2x+3)e^{x^2+3x} dx.$$

**Exercise 4.** Find the following integrals:

$$a) \int (e^{2x} + x^3 + \sqrt{x}) dx;$$

$$b) \int \frac{x^2+2}{x^3} dx;$$

$$c) \int (x^2 + x\sqrt{x} + xe^{x^2}) dx;$$

$$d) \int \frac{x^2+1}{x\sqrt{x}} dx$$

**Exercise 5.** Find the following integrals:

$$a) \int \ln x dx;$$

$$b) \int xe^x dx;$$

$$c) \int xe^{-x} dx;$$

$$d) \int x^2 e^x dx.$$

**Exercise 6.** Calculate the area between the given functions, the x axis and the two vertical lines given.

$$a) f(x) = e^x, x = 0, x = 2.$$

$$b) f(x) = x^2 + 1, x = 1, x = 3.$$

$$c) f(x) = \ln x, x = 1, x = e.$$

$$d) f(x) = \sqrt{x}, x = 1, x = 4.$$

**Exercise 7.** Given the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & \text{if } x < 1; \\ -x + 2, & \text{if } x \geq 1; \end{cases}$$

calculate the area between the graph, the x axis and the vertical lines  $x = 0$  and  $x = 2$ .

**Exercise 8.** Calculate the area between the graphs of the following functions:

- a)  $f(x) = x^2$  and  $g(x) = x$ ;
- b)  $f(x) = x^2 - 1$  and  $g(x) = -x^2 + x$ .

**Exercise 9.** Find the following improper integrals, if they converge.

a)  $\int_0^{+\infty} e^{-x} dx;$

b)  $\int_1^{+\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} dx;$

c)  $\int_{-\infty}^1 e^x dx;$

d)  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx;$

e)  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{x^2} dx;$

f)  $\int_1^{+\infty} \frac{1}{x} dx.$